

POSTAL FINANCIAL SERVICES

DRAFT DUBAI BUSINESS PLAN: DOMAIN WORK PROPOSAL 26

DEVELOPMENT OF THE UPU'S VISION 2030 FOR POSTAL PAYMENT AND FINANCIAL SERVICES: DRAFT CONGRESS— DOC 40

DRAFT DUBAI BUSINESS PLAN

- **DOMAIN WORK PROPOSAL 26**
- Increase the number of UPU member countries adhering to the postal financial services (PFS) framework
- facilitate the interconnection of wider postal sector players with the UPU network
- advisory and technical support to member countries and their designated operators
- promotion of PFS through the creation of a knowledge-sharing database
- publication of a new PFS Global Panorama
- update and dissemination of the UPU framework and related agreements.

UPU'S VISION 2030 FOR POSTAL PAYMENT AND FINANCIAL SERVICES

Situation in 2022

- Turbulent financial and payment services industry,
- Challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic,
- Low postal payment service (PPS) volumes
- Declining financial services business,

- UPU hired EY-Parthenon:
 - Conduct a complete end-to-end evaluation
- Due diligence on the UPU's postal financial services (PFS) and solutions

- Key outcomes
 - Focus on 5 parameters
 - 12 Recommendations and Action Plan

KEY LEARNINGS OF THE EY-PARTHENON STUDY

5 parameters

- Enhancement of the existing Postal Payment Services Agreement (PPSA) and UPU operating model
 - Enhance access to PPS through a more integrated and inclusive process
 - Diversify the financial service offering
- Improvement of the sharing of knowledge, expertise and best practices
- Facilitate and drive knowledge transfer
- Increase awareness of the role of the UPU
- Diversification of the existing UPU offering through new partnerships and funding models
 - Assess the viability of existing products and solutions, and the funding allocated to grow PFS
- Assess new operating and partnership models
- Enable/diversify voluntary funding from members and extrabudgetary funding

- Enablement of provision of tailored/customized technological solutions, advisory services and technical assistance
 - Customize technological solutions, advisory services and technical assistance
 - *Build strategic partnerships with DO suppliers and service providers

- Expansion of the voice of Posts in PFS policymaking
- > Promote the postal role in domestic financial service stakeholder engagements
- > Develop special target programmes promoting financial inclusion
- > Promote the Post as a trusted governmental partner to serve the population

TASKS AHEAD

- Redesign the UPU financial services platform;
- Secure adequate additional extra budgetary funding from PPSA signatories and/or interested third parties through partnerships;
- Secure the right digital financial service (DFS) resources;
- Enhance and examine the UPU stakeholder value proposition;
- Define new external partnership engagement models;
- Meet requirements to further assess UPU member countries' needs for suitable DFS solution

CURRENT POSTAL PAYMENT AND FINANCIAL SERVICES

- ➤ Doha Congress: 2012, 123 Member Countries signed the PPSA to create a global framework for cost effective postal remittance
- ► Istanbul: 104
- > Abidjan: 66- a. Suspension of services by the countries
- b. Absence of countries due to Covid 19
- ➤ Since Abidjan only 6 countries have signed the PPSA
- > Since 2020, low transaction volume in UPU-PPS network:
- Suspension of key services for member countries
- Contraction of PPS Market because of political reasons
- Covid 19
- Competition from FinTech

DEVELOPMENT DURING THE ABIDJAN CYCLE

- ➤ Increase in PPSUG members 32 to 35
- > Adoption of revised fee structure aimed at securing financial Stability
- ➤ Tech Improvement UPU-IP
- > Engagements with 3td Party providers
- Design and launch of UPI
- > Design and launch of the UPU-TechCert certification programme
- Launch of UPU-UPI, Adoption of PosTransfer, South-South Dev Corridor

VISION 2030 FOR POSTAL PAYMENT AND FINANCIAL SERVICES

- •2 proposals (05 and 06) and amendments to PPSA: Extra Ordinary Congress Riyadh
- •Proposal 5: Key recommendations:
- •Review of the existing UPU treaty framework dealing with postal payment services and submission of proposed revisions to the Dubai Congress;
- •Development of a contractual framework and draft agreement template for other financial or payment services with non-postal payment service providers following the Riyadh amendments to the PPSA;
- Draft contractual framework/licensing of WPSPs;
- Draft WPSP certification mechanism;
- •Extension of the centralized UPU technical architecture with real-time connectivity (UPU-IP) for the connection of WPSPs offering solutions for money transfers and other financial services.

- Proposal 6: Key Recommendations:
- Knowledge creation and dissemination:
- Capacity building
- Networking and partnership
- Advocacy and awareness raising
- Extrabudgetary Funding

- UPU-UPI Cross Border Remittance
- Digital Financial Services through the Japan Fund (Djibouti, Rwanda, Mongolia, Senegal and Uzbekistan)

POSTAL PAYMENT/FINANCIAL SERVICES: DUBAI CYCLE

- > Recentre on the role of the UPU as a facilitator and promoter of financial services
- > Development of interconnection of WPSPs with the postal network
- > Adoption of other payment and financial products and services provided by WPSPs
- Creation of a knowledge database
- ➤ Dissemination of financial services information through a publication entitled "Global Panorama on Postal Financial Services
- Prioritisation of Financial Inclusion
 - > Digital payments, Digital savings, Inclusive insurance and Microfinance

THANK YOU & HAVE A GREAT DAY